SYNTHESIS OF SUBSTITUTED HETEROCYCLIC CYCLOPHANES*

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Abstract- The reaction of 1,2-bis-(5-tetrazolyl)benzene or 1,2-bis-(5-tetrazolyl)pyrazines with dibromoalkane in the presence of triethylamine gave the corresponding symmetric and asymmetric cyclophanes. The structure of which was partially characterized by spectral (infrared, ¹H-nmr) methods and fully elucidated by single crystal X-ray analysis.

A serias of antihypertensive alkyltetrazoles, prepared by the alkylation of 5-alkyl-or 5-aryltetrazoles, was previously reported.²The alkylation of 5-substituted tetrazoles furnishes a mixture of 1- and 2-substituted isomers, the ratio of which is dependent on the nature of the 5-substituent.³ Although the 2-substituted isomer is the predominant one obtaind with 5-aryltetrazoles.⁴ Steric factors can also play a role in the ratio of isomers formed.⁵

The preparation of 5-substituted tetrazoles is reported in the literature.^{6,7} We





(isomer A) 3,5,7,9 and 11



(isomer 8) 4,6,8 and 10

prepared o-bis-tetrazoles <u>la-e</u> from the reaction of aromatic o-dinitriles with ammonium azide in dimethylformamide.

We bridged the nitrogens in <u>la-e</u> with alkane chains $-(CH_2)_n$ to symmetric cyclophanes (isomer A) <u>3a-e</u>, <u>5a-c</u>, <u>7a-c</u>, <u>9a-e</u> and <u>lla-e</u> and asymmetric cyclophanes (isomer B) <u>4a-e</u>, <u>6a-b</u>, <u>8a-b</u> and <u>l0a-b</u> by stirring the <u>la-e</u> with $Br(CH_2)_n Br$ in dichloromethane at 40°C for one day, the recovered product separted by column chromatography, and the isomers characterized. The results are summarized in Tab. 2-10. The reactions with $Br(CH_2)_n Br$ (n=3,4) lead to polymer. We will report about the results of the cyclization with dibromomethane and dibromoethane other where.

+ Dedicated to Prof. Dr. Edward C. Taylor on the occasion of the 65. birthday.

We analysed the compounds $\underline{3c}$ and $\underline{4c}$ by X-ray analyses and found that molecule $\underline{3c}$ is built symmetrically. On the other side the structure of $\underline{4c}$ is asymmetrically (Fig.1-3). The ¹H-nmr-spectrum of the symmetrical compound $\underline{3c}$ shows only one signal for the $-CH_2$ - protons positioned alpha to the nitrogen, contributed by four protons. The aromatic protons appear as two (2H) absorptions. In contrast, $\underline{4c}$ shows in the proton-nmr-spectrum two resonance signals for the alpha-methylene group, each of them is caused by two protons, the aromatic protons appear also in more signals.



Figure 1. Symmetric cyclophane 3c: The benzene ring is planar. So are the tetrazole rings make angles of $58.5(2)^0$ and $38.3(2)^0$ with the plane of the benzene ring. The molecular packing shows no intermolecular distances shorter than the sums of the van der Waals radii of the atoms.

Figure 2. In the crystal two molecules of asymmetric cyclophane 4c and two water molecules, which are located between, are held together by intermolecular hydrogen bondings. The structure contains centero-symmetric dimers by hydrogen bond formation.



Figure 3. Asymmetric cyclophane 4c: The molecule contains three planar parts: the benzene ring and the two tetrazole rings. The tetrazole rings make angles of 7.70 and 85.60 with the plane of the benzene ring.

Comparison of the ¹H-nmr-spectra allows structure assignment of the other isolated compounds.On account of this spectroscopical ressemblance we postulate the structures given in the formula scheme.

<u>Crystal Data of compound 3c</u>: formula C15 H18 N8, mol weight: 310.36, crystal color: colorless transparent, crystal dimensions: $0.33 \times 0.35 \times 0.73 \text{ mm}^3$, crystal system orthorhombic, space group: Pc2₁n, space group number: 33, a: 8.4312(7)Å, b: 12.1496(7), c: 15.4006(9), v: 1577.6(3)Å³, z: 4, Dcalc: 1.307 g/cm^3 , linear absorption coeff. : 6.6 cm^{-1} , radiation: Cu-K_a, scan mode: ω , scan range: quadrant, (20)max: 120° , number of independent reflections: 1230, reflections used with L-a(1): 1229, number of variables: 208, R(F): 0.043, wR(F): 0.046.

<u>Crystal Data of compound 4c</u>: formula C15 H18 N8,H20, mol weight: 328.38, crystal color: colorless transparent, crystal dimensions: $0.05x0.20X0.65 \text{ mm}^3$, crystal system orthorhombic, space group: Pbca, space group number: 61, a: 6.9845(6)Å, b: 20.487(2) c: 22.586(1), v: 3231.8(8)Å, z: 8, Dcalc: 1.349 g/cm^3 , linear absorption coeff.

7.17 cm⁻¹, radiation: Cu-Ko, scan mode: ω , scan range: (20)max: 110^o, number of independent reflections: 2022, reflection used with 1>6 (1): 1829, number of variables: 271, R(F): 0.081, wR(F):0.082.

Ţa	ble of Posi	tional Param	eters and TI	heir Esti	mated Standa	rd Deviations	of 3c :
Atom	x	у	Z	Atom	×	у	z
N 1	0.2001(5)	0.5144	0.5458(3)	C14	-0.0766(6)	0.7266(4)	0.5525(3)
N 2	-0.0090(5)	0.4990(4)	0.6325(2)	C15	-0.0358(6)	0.6199(4)	0.5052(3)
N 3	0.0531(5)	0.5450(3)	0.5627(2)	Н4	0.1480	0.2251	0.6535
N4	0.2360(5)	0.4442(4)	0.6087(3)	Н5	0.1016	0.0853	0.7573
N 5	-0.0509(6)	0.5414(4)	0.9151(3)	Н6	0.0165	0.1354	0.8993
N 6	0.1311(5)	0.5817(4)	0.8213(2)	H7	-0.0179	0.3294	0.9381
N 7	0.0725(5)	0.6665(4)	0.8669(2)	H91	0.2537	0.7741	0.8973
N8	-0.0805(5)	0.5361(4)	0.9008(3)	Н92	0.0825	0.8304	0.9033
C 1	0.1094(5)	0.4353(4)	0.6602(3)	H101	0.2208	0.7656	0.7397
C 2	0.0316(6)	0.5020(5)	0.8437(3)	H102	0.2313	0.8894	0.7747
C 3	0.0927(5)	0.3577(4)	0.7324(3)	H111	-0.0462	0.9045	0.7658
C 4	0.1141(6)	0.2445(4)	0.7122(3)	H112	-0.0560	0.7810	0.7300
C 5	0.0844(7)	0.1649(5)	0.7741(3)	H121	0.1125	0.9452	0.6382
C 6	0.0359(6)	0.1940(5)	0.8549(4)	H122	-0.0725	0.9256	0.6213
C 7	0.0183(6)	0.3055(5)	0.8779(3)	H131	0.1531	0.7531	0.5946
C 8	0.0477(5)	0.3860(4)	0.8149(3)	H132	0.1028	0.8339	0.5173
C 9	0.1453(7)	0.7779(5)	0.8677(4)	H141	-0.1495	0.7691	0.5165
C 1 O	0.1639(6)	0.8214(4)	0.7757(4)	H142	-0.1258	0.7079	0.6076
C 1 1	0.0099(6)	0.8476(5)	0.7317(3)	H151	-0.1351	0.5824	0.4861
C 1 2	0.0291(7)	0.8885(4)	0.6394(4)	H152	0.0276	0.6348	0.4523

Table of Positional Parameters and Their Estimated Standard Deviations of 4c :

Atom	x	у	z	Atom	x	У	z
N1	0.8589(7)	0.1466(2)	0.1689(2)	C15	0.7740(1)	0.2629(4)	0.1666(3)
N 2	0.8360(7)	0.2037(3)	0.1960(2)	01	0.5072(9)	0.4310(4)	0.4154(3)
N 3	0.8770(8)	0.2024(3)	0.2529(2)	H 4	0.9880(8)	0.0290(3)	0.2980(2)
N 4	0.9268(7)	0.1417(3)	0.2648(2)	Н5	1.0540(9)	-0.0890(3)	0.3020(2)
N5	1.0522(7)	0.0667(3)	0.0615(2)	H6	1.0740(9)	-0.1490(3)	0.2060(3)
N6	0.9629(8)	0.0843(3)	0.0110(2)	H7	1.0260(9)	-0.0860(3)	0.1220(2)
N7	0.7883(9)	0.0643(3)	0.0177(2)	H91	1.3130(9)	0.0840(3)	0.0220(3)
N8	0.7638(8)	0.0344(3)	0.0707(2)	H92	1.3090(9)	0.0480(3)	0.1000(3)
C 1	0.9172(7)	0.1088(3)	0.2132(2)	H101	1.4170(9)	0.1570(3)	0.1060(3)
C 2	0.9324(8)	0.0365(3)	0.0982(3)	H102	1.2310(9)	0.1610(3)	0.1340(3)
C 3	0.9662(7)	0.0400(3)	0.2087(2)	H111	1.1100(1)	0.1910(3)	0.0280(3)
C 4	1.0016(8)	0.0053(3)	0.2611(3)	H112	1.3200(1)	0.1970(3)	0.0110(3)
C 5	1.0435(8)	-0.0601(3)	0.2602(3)	H121	1.2100(1)	0.3110(3)	0.0350(3)
C 6	1.0523(9)	-0.0933(3)	0.2071(3)	H122	1.3600(1)	0.2880(3)	0.0860(3)
C 7	1.0199(9)	-0.0591(3)	0.1551(3)	H131	1.1000(1)	0.3390(3)	0.1440(3)
C 8	0.9755(7)	0.0066(3)	0.1553(2)	H132	1.1700(1)	0.2530(3)	0.1610(3)
C 9	1.2613(9)	0.0827(4)	0.0686(3)	H141	0.8570(9)	0.2290(3)	0.0810(3)
C10	1.2926(9)	0.1502(4)	0.0906(3)	H142	0.8400(1)	0.3210(3)	0.0900(3)
C 1 1	1.2360(9)	0.2044(4)	0.0479(3)	H151	0.8170(9)	0.3040(3)	0.2020(3)
C12	1.2380(1)	0.2722(4)	0.0736(4)	H152	0.6500(9)	0.2590(3)	0.1530(3)
C13	1.1100(1)	0.2841(4)	0.1260(3)	H01	0.4160	0.4648	0.4296
C14	0.8890(1)	0.2749(4)	0.1121(3)	H0 2	0.6250	0.4316	0.4570

Experimental Section

Infrared spectra were recorded on Perkin-Elmer 398 spectrophotometers, ¹H-nmrspectra on a Bruker WH 270. All melting points are uncorrected. The procedures reported below are representative for the preparation of the products shown in tables 1-10.

Preparation of o-Bis-tetrazoles la-e:

A mixture of the dinitriles (0.1 mol), sodium azide (0.22 mol), lithium chloride (0.22 mol) and ammonium chloride (0.22 mol) in 75 ml of anhydrous DMF was stirred and maintained at 125°C for 24h. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in 200 ml water and acidified with concentrated hydrochloric acid. Caution: HN3 was evolved. The preciptate was collected and washed with water. Recrystallization from ethanol.

No	- 8 -	Product	M.p.ºC	Molecular	Calcd.	Analyses	
			Yield%	formula	Found. C	н	N
la	A	1,2-bis-(5-tetrazoly1)- benzene	237 dec. 75	C8H6N8.2H20	43.05 43.29	3.16 3.14	50.20 50.47
16	B	l,2-bis-(5-tetrazolyl)- pyrazine	265 dec. 58	^C 6 ^H 4 ^N 10	33.34 33.59	1.87 1.90	64.80 64.52
1 c	C	l,2-bis-(5-tetrazolyl)- 5,6-dimethylpyrazine	231 dec. 51	^C 8 ^H 8 ^N 10, ¹ 2 ^H 2 ^O	37.95 37.89	3.58 3.70	55.31 55.10
ld	D	l,2-bis-(5-tetrazolyl)- 5,6-diphenylpyrazine	271 dec. 65	^C 18 ^H 12 ^N 10 ^{+H} 2	0 55.95 55.87	3.65 3.70	36.25 35.97
le	E	l,2-bis-(5-tetrazolyl)- 5,6-di-(2-pyridyl)pyrazine	282 dec. 70	C16H10N12,H2	0 49.48 49.41	3.11 3.20	43.28 42.98

Table (1) 5-substituted o-Bis-tetrazoles N4HC-R-CHN4

A = phenyl-, B = pyrazinyl-, C = 5,6-dimethylpyrazinyl-, D = 5,6-diphenylpyrazinyland E = 5,6-di-(2-pyridyl)pyrazinyl-. 1a) M.p. = $236-37^{\circ}$ C dec. (Lit. 7).

General procedure for preparing of cyclophanes:

To a suspension of 5 mmol of 1,2-bis-tetrazoles <u>la-e</u> and 10 mmol of dibromoalkane in 50 ml of anhydrous dichloromethane was added a solution of 10 mmol of triethylamine in 5 ml dichloromethane at r.t., the solution was stirred and maintained at 40° C for 24h,the solvent was evaporated and the residue chromatographed on a column of silica gel, elution with a mixture of n-hexan and ethylacetate.

Table (2) Symmetric 2-(1,2)benzeno-1,3-bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cyclophanes 3a-e

No.		Product	M.p.ºC Yield	Molecular formula	Calcd. A Found.C	nalysi H	N N
3a	5	2-(1,2)benzeno-1,3-bis-(5,2)- tetrazolo-cyclooctaphane	192-93 14	C ₁₃ H ₁₄ N ₈	55.31 55.54	5.00	39.69 39.40
36	6	2-(1,2)benzeno-1,3-bis-(5,2)- tetrazolo-cyclononaphane	166-68 21	$C_{14}H_{16}N_8$	56.74 56.50	5.44	37.81 37.53
3 c	7	2-(1,2)benzeno-1,3-bis-(5,2)- tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane	119-20 19	^C 15 ^H 18 ^N 8	58.05 58.01	5.84 6.04	36.10 35.81
3 d	8	2-(1,2)benzeno-1,3-bis-(5,2)- tetrazolo-cycloundecaphane	110-12 15	^C 16 ^H 20 ^N 8	59.24 58.91	6.21 6.14	34.54 34.38
3e	10	2-(1,2)benzeno-1,3-bis-(5,2)- tetrazolo-cyclotridecaphane	160-62 13	^C 18 ^H 24 ^N 8	61.34 61.08	6.86 6.88	31.79 31.74

3402

No.	n	Product	M.p.ºC Yield%	Molecular Calo formula Fou	cd. An md. C	alyses H	N
4a	5	2-(1,2)benzeno-1(5,1),3(5,2)- bis-tetrazolo-cyclooctaphane	184-86 9	C ₁₃ H ₁₄ N ₈	55.31 55.05	5.00	39.69 39.41
4 b	6	2-(1,2)benzeno-1(5,1),3(5,2)- bis-tetrazolo-cyclononaphane	159-60 12	^C 14 ^H 16 ^N 8	56.74 56.46	5.44 5.40	37.81 37.53
4 c	7	2-(1,2)benzeno-1(5,1),3(5,2)- bis-tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane	128-30 13	^C 15 ^H 18 ^N 8 ^{,H} 2 ⁰	54.86 54.80	6.14 6.16	34.12 33.97
4 d	8	2-(1,2)benzeno-1(5,1),3(5,2)- bis-tetrazolo-cycloundecaphane	118-20 8	C 16H20N82H20	57.64 57.49	6.34 6.13	33.60 33.35
4 e	10	2-(1,2)benzeno-1(5,1),3(5,2)- bis-tetrazolo-cyclotridecaphane	127-29 5	^C 18 ^H 24 ^N 8	61.34 61.04	6.86 6.68	31.79 31.90

Table (3) Asymmetric 2-(1,2)benzeno-1(5,1),3(5,2)-bis-tetrazolo-cyclophanes $\frac{4a-e}{2}$

Table (4) Symmetric 2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-bis-(5,2)-tetrazolo-cyclophanes

5a-c

No.	n	Product	M.p.ºC Yield%	Molecular Ca formula Fou	icd. An und. C	alyses H	N
5a	5	2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-bis-(5,2)- tetrazolo-cyclooctaphane	241-42 13	C ₁₁ H ₁₂ N ₁₀	46.47 46.34	4.25 4.38	49.26 49.31
5 b	7	2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-bis-(5,2)- tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane	200-01 15	C ₁₃ H ₁₆ N ₁₀	49.99 50.05	5.16 5.02	44.84 44.58
5c	8	2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-bis-(5,2)- tetrazolo-cycloundecaphane	139-41 11	C ₁₄ H ₁₈ N ₁₀	51.52 51.34	5.55 5.59	42.91 42.98

Table (5) Asymmetric 2-(2,3)pyrazino-1(5,1),3(5,2)-bis-tetrazolo-cyclophanes

<u>6a-b</u>

No.	•	Product	M.p.ºC	Molecular	Calcd. Analyses			
			Yield%	formula	Found. C	H	N	
6 a	7	2-(2,3)pyrazino-1(5,1),3(5,2)- bis-tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane	183-85 7	^C 13 ^H 16 ^N 10	49.99 49.84	5.16 5.18	44.84 44.73	
6 b	8	2-(2,3)pyrazino-1(5,1),3(5,2)- bis-tetrazolo-cycloundecaphane	162-64 5	^C 14 ^H 18 ^N 10	51.52 51.54	5.55 5.70	42.91 42.65	

Table (6) Symmetric 2-(2,3)5,6-dimethylpyrazino-1,3-bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cyclophanes 7a-c

No.	n	Product	H.p.OC Yield%	Molecular Calco formula Found	d. Analyses d. C H	N
7 a	5	2-(2,3)5,6-dimethylpyrazino-1,3-bis- (5,2)tetrazolo-cyclooctaphane	273-74	C ₁₃ H ₁₆ N ₁₀ .H ₂ O	47.26 5.49 47.18 5.20	42.39 42.16
7Ь	7	2-(2,3)5.6-dimethylpyrazino-1,3-bis- (5,2)tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane	233-35 13	C ₁₅ H ₂₀ N ₁₀	52.93 5.92 52.78 6.13	41.15 41.42
7c	8	2-(2,3)5,6-dimethylpyrazino-1,3-bis- (5,2)tetrazolo-cycloundecaphane	176-77 12	^C 16 ^H 22 ^N 10	54.22 6.25 54.32 5.98	39.52 39.27

Table (7) Asymmetric 2-(2,3)-5,6-dimethylpyrazino-1(5,1),3(5,2)-bis-tetrazolo-cyclophanes 8a-b

No.	n	Product	M.p.ºC Yield%	Molecular formula	Calcd. A Found. C	inalyses H	N
8a	7	2-(2,3)5,6-dimethylpyrazino-1(5,1), 3(5,2)-bis-tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane	202-05	C ₁₅ H ₂₀ N ₁₀	52.9	3 5.92 5 6.21	41.15
8b	8	2-(2,3)5,6-dimethylpyrazino-1(5,1), 3(5,2)-bis-tetrazolo-cycloundeca- phane	182-84 5	C ^{16H} 22 ^N 10	54,2 54,1	2 6.25	39.52 39.61

No.		Product	M.p.ºC Yield%	Molecular formula	Calcd. Found.	Ar C	walyses H	N
9a	5	2-(2,3)5,6-diphenylpyrazino-1,3-bis- (5,2)tetrazolo-cyclooctaphane	244-46 8	C ₂₃ H ₂₀ N ₁₀ ,H ₂	0	60.78 60.57	4.87 4.58	30.81 30.54
9Ь	6	2-(2,3)5,6-diphenylpyrazino-1,3-bis- (5,2)tetrazolo-cyclononaphane	254 14	^C 24 ^H 22 ^N 10		63.98 63.73	4.92 4.92	31.09 31.02
9c	7	2-(2,3)5,6-diphenylpyrazino-1,3-bis- (5,2)tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane	227-28 13	C ₂₅ H ₂₄ N ₁₀ ,H ₂	0	62.22 62.45	5.43 5.18	29.03 28.91
9d	8	2-(2,3)5,6-diphenylpyrazino-1,3-bis- (5,2)tetrazolo-cycloundecaphane	212-14 11	C ₂₆ H ₂₆ N ₁₀		64.05 64.21	5.58 5.65	28.72 28.51

Table (8) Symmetric 2-(2,3)5,6-diphenylpyrazino-1,3-bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cyclophanes

9a-e

Table (9) Asymmetric 2^{5,6}-di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)pyrazino-1(5,1),3(5,2)-bis-tetrazolo-cyclophanes

	108-0								
No.		Product	M.p. ⁰ C Yield%	Molecular formula	Calcd. Found	С	Analyse H	s N	
10a	7	2 ^{5,6} -di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)-pyrazino-1(5,1), 3(5,2)-bis-tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane	229-30 11	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₁₂		58.96 58.93	5.16	35.87 35.70	
105	8	2 ^{5,6} -di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)-pyrazino-1(5,1), 3(5,2)-bis-tetrazolo-cycloundecaphane	231-33 9	C ₂₄ H ₂₄ N ₁₂ ,	12H20	58.88 58.82	5.14 5.03	34.33 34.04	

Table (10) Symmetric 2^{5,6}-di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cyclophanes lla-e

M.p.ºC No. Product Molecular Calcd. Analyses Yield% formula Found. С н N 2^{5.6}-di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-11a 5 257-58 56.37 4.27 37.56 C21H18N12+2H20 bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cyclooctaphane 14 56.39 4.20 37.27 2^{5,6}-di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-11b 6 237 58.39 4.45 37.14 C₂₂H₂₀N₁₂ bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cyclononaphane 18 58.39 4.54 37.08 2^{5,6}-di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-110 7 240 C23H22N12.2H20 57.84 5.27 35.19 bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cyclodecaphane 57.89 4.99 34.98 16 2^{5,6}-di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-11d 8 244 59.98 5.03 34.98 C24H24H12 bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cycloundecaphane 59.85 4.75 34.73 14 2^{5,6}-di(2-pyridy1)-2-(2,3)pyrazino-1,3-11e 10 202-04 C26H28N12 61.40 5.55 33.04 61.17 5.66 33.06 bis-(5,2)tetrazolo-cyclotridecaphane 10

 $\frac{1}{\text{H-NMR-Data of some compounds:}}{3b: 8.00, 7.65 2(m;2H), 4.60 (t;4H), 2.05 (m;4H), 1.25 (m;4H). 4b: 7.90, 7.60 2(m;2H), 4.59, 3.40 2(t;2H), 1.98, 1.82, 1.51, 1.35 4(m;2H). 3c: 7.87, 7.61 2(m;2H), 4.55 (t;4H), 1.87 (m;4H), 1.33 (m;6H). 4c: 8.39, 7.85, 7.75, 7.65 4(m;1H), 4.71-4.21 (m;2H), 4.25 (t;1H), 3.90 (d;1H), 1.67(s;2H) 1.35-1.05 (m;6H), 0.83 (s;2H). 3e: 7.85, 7.60 2(m;2H), 4.55 (t;4H), 1.90 (m;4H), 1.25 (m;12H). 4e: 8.40 (m;1H), 7.80-7.25 (m;3H), 4.60, 4.00 2(m;2H), 1.90 (m;4H), 1.15 (m;12H). 5c: 9.10(s;2H) 4.80 (t;4H), 7.00 (m;4H), 1.35 (s;8H). 6b: 9.20, 9.05 2(m;1H), 4.90-4.20 (m;4H), 1.90 (m;4H), 1.18 (s;8H). 7b: 4.64 (t;4H), 2.67 (s;6H), 1.76-1.65 (m;4H), 1.23-1.07 (m;6H). 8a: 4.70-4.63 (m; 2H), 4.38, 4.17 2(d;1H), 1.68 (m;2H), 1.21-1.10 (m;6H), 0.95-0.84 (m;2H). 9d: 7.70-7.25 (m;10H), 4.65 (t;4H), 2.25-1.60 (m;4H), 1.135 (s;8H). 10a: 8.35 (d;2H), 7.99 (m;4H), 7.41 (m;2H), 4.71 (t;4H), 1.76 (s;4H), 1.76 (s;4H), 1.16 (d;6H). 11c: 4.78-4.32 (m;4H), 1.80-1.66 (m;4H), 1.60-0.92 (m;6H). (3b,4b,3c,4c,3e and 4e: 270 MHz-CDC13), (5c,6b and 9d:60 MHz-DMS0), (7b,8a,10a and 11c: 270 MHz-DMS0).$

Summary - We have described in this paper the first synthesis of cyclophanes containing the tetrazol ring system by bridging the corresponding o-bis-tetrazoles with alkyl-chains.

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